# 2017-18 Top Schools: Report Methodology 

## Data Sources

- 2017-18 California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (CAASPP) English language arts/literacy (ELA) and mathematics results. (The files are available for download here: https://caaspp.cde.ca.gov/sb2017/ResearchFileList.)
- California Department of Education (CDE) Public School Directory database. (The file is available for download here: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/si/ds/pubschls.asp).
- Student Enrollment in School Year 2017-18 through the California Department of Education's website. (The downloadable enrollment files are available here: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/sd/sd/filesenr.asp.)
- 2017-18 California State Dashboard. We incorporated elements of the state of California's dashboard accountability system into our exclusion criteria as a check on academic performance and suspension rates. (The dashboard information is available here: https://www.caschooldashboard.org/\#/Home.)
- 2017-18 Four-Year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR) and Outcome Data through the California Department of Education's website. (The downloadable enrollment files are available here: https://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/sd/sd/filesacgr.asp.)


## School Sample

The school sample includes traditional public district, charter schools and alternative schools of choice at the elementary, middle, and high school level ( 2,068 schools in total across the districts of Los Angeles County). The sample does not include juvenile court schools, schools that have selective admissions, or other schools considered by the CDE to offer non-traditional education (e.g., continuation schools). ${ }^{1}$ We reviewed each school's website to ensure that no school (279 in total) on the Top Schools list practiced selective admissions.

Table I: School Sample Breakdown by School Designation or Governance Type (Los Angeles and Top Schools)

| School Designation/ <br> Governance Type | Number of Los Angeles County <br> Schools | Number of Top Schools |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Public district | 1,648 | 195 |
| Charter | 368 | 75 |
| Alternative school of choice | 52 | 9 |
| Total | 2,068 | 279 |

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## Inclusion Criteria

## Academic performance

In order to meet the performance criteria, schools are required to be at or above the statewide CAASPP rate for all students in ELA and/or math for their school type (elementary, middle, or high).

High schools, specifically, must demonstrate that they are preparing low-income African American or low-income Latino students for college. Schools' graduation and UC/CSU eligibility rates for these student groups must be at or above the statewide average for all students. High schools must also demonstrate that they are successfully closing the achievement gap. Schools' proficiency rates in English and/or math for these two student groups have to be at or above the statewide proficiency rate for all students in English and/or math.

Table II: Proficiency Cut Points by Grade Level and Subject

| School Type | ELA | Math |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Elementary | $49 \%$ | $42 \%$ |
| Middle | $49 \%$ | $37 \%$ |
| High | $56 \%$ | $31 \%$ |

Table III: UC/CSU and graduation cut-points all students in 2017-18 (applied only to high school methodology)

| UC/CSU Eligibility | Graduation Rate |
| :---: | :---: |
| $50 \%$ | $83 \%$ |

## Participation

In order to meet the participation criteria, schools were required to test at least $95 \%$ of their students and have at least 20 students tested in the given subgroup and subject. Only schools testing at least $95 \%$ of their students, including the student groups in our report, are included because this testing threshold indicates that the school is testing the majority of their students (i.e., the school makes a concerted effort to test all of its students and therefore test results are a reflection of the school's full student population). We also use the threshold of at least 20 students tested because it is a standard, best-practice threshold to ensure validity in testing data. The

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20-student threshold is used by a vast majority of states and districts as the minimum threshold for testing accountability purposes.

## Enrollment

Schools included in the Top Public Schools sample are those whose enrollment meets the statewide average enrollment for the subgroups included in the report. For the low-income African American students subgroup, schools must enroll at least 4\% low-income African American students. For the low-income Latino students subgroup, schools must enroll at least 43\% low-income Latino students. In Los Angeles county, there are 1,331 schools serving at least 43\% low-income Latino students and 473 schools serving at least 4\% low-income African American students (see diagrams and tables below). This ensures that the report focuses on highlighting schools that serve a sizable and representative proportion of low-income students of color.


Table IV: Top Schools Enrollment Thresholds by subgroup, 2017-18

|  | Subgroup | State Enrollment <br> (Number of <br> Students) | State Rate <br> (Percent of <br> Students Enrolled) | Top School <br> Threshold |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of <br> Schools that Met <br> the Top Schools <br> Enrollment <br> Threshold |  |  |  |  |
| \& African American |  |  |  |  |

Table V: Los Angeles Enrollment Summary Statistics by subgroup, 2017-18

|  | Total Los Angeles <br> Enrollment <br> (Number of <br> Subgroup | Average Percent of <br> Students Enrolled per <br> School in Los Angeles <br> County | Minimum <br> (Percent <br> Enrolled) | Max <br> (Percent <br> Enrolled) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Low-income <br> \& African American | 86,304 | $10 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $83 \%$ |
| Low-income <br> \& Latino | 815,460 | $58 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $100 \%$ |

## Exclusion Criteria

## Low Performance on the California Dashboard

Schools with "orange" or "red" performance on the California dashboard in ELA or math for the given subgroup and subject are excluded. ${ }^{2}$ Like proficiency rates, this indicator is based on student results on state exams. However, it also measures how a school improved from one year to the next overall, and it measures how far every single student is from mastering the standards. We want to recognize schools that not only met the bar for proficiency rates, but also support students of all levels to reach or exceed mastery. See the California Dashboard page for more information on this indicator. The tables below outline the cut points used in this report. ${ }^{3}$

Table VI: Academic Indicator: ELA Assessment Five-by-Five Color Table


[^1]Table VII: Academic Indicator: Math Assessment Five-by-Five Color Table

|  |  | STATUS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level | Declined Significantly (By more than 15 points) | Declined (by 3 to 15 points) | Maintained | Increased <br> (by 3 to less than 15 points) | Increased significantly (by 15 points or more) |
| CHANGE | $\begin{gathered} \text { Low } \\ (-25.1 \text { to -95 } \\ \text { points }) \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Very Low <br> (-95 points or lower) |  |  |  |  |  |

## High Suspension (Dashboard)

Schools with "red" performance or "very high status" on the dashboard suspension rate indicator for either all of their students or the individual subgroup. Our methodology breaks out schools that span multiple grade bands (K-8, 6-12, etc.) into two separate schools (elementary/middle in the case of a K-8 and middle/high in the case of a 6-12) in order to effectively and fairly compare schools of similar grade levels. ${ }^{4}$ Conversely, the CDE aggregates suspension rates and reports one single rate for schools that serve multiple grade bands as one school record based on how it is reported in the state's School Directory File. This means that schools in our analysis that span multiple grade bands are held to one suspension rate for both grade bands-- whichever band they are officially recorded under according to the state's database. See the California Dashboard page for information on this indicator.

Table VIII: School Suspension: Elementary School Five-by-Five Color Table


## Table IX: School Suspension: Middle School Five-by-Five Color Grid

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Table X: School Suspension: High School Five-by-Five Color Grid


## Selective Admission or Non-traditional School Status

Only public schools serving a traditional student population are eligible to be included in the Top Schools report. We defined traditional using the CDE's educational option variable in the public school directory file. Any traditional public district, charter or alternative school of choice at the elementary, middle, and high level offering a traditional educational option (based on the CDE public school directory) is included in the sample.

Schools with selective admissions criteria, such as academic school entrance exams used to determine admissions, are not included in this report. Alternative schools of choice with an application and/or district referral and academic selection process were also excluded from our sample.

Schools were excluded based on the following:

1. If they had an application process that required students to demonstrate a skill or academic proficiency.
2. If the school required a certain grade point average or academic performance level to qualify for registration.
3. If there an interview process of any kind for interested students.
4. If enrollment in the school required a referral from the district or a traditional school setting.

Non-traditional schools were also not included in this report (i.e. county community schools, continuation schools, juvenile court schools, opportunity schools, youth authority schools, state special schools, special education schools, regional occupational programs, and home and hospital schools).

## Low Performance in a Grade Band (for Schools that Otherwise Meet Top Schools Criteria for One or More Grade Bands)

Some schools included in the report sample serve a band of grades that do not align to the CDE's typical grade-band breakdown (see grade band table below for more information on grade bands by school type). For schools in that category, data is separated into multiple grade bands. For example, a K-8 school's data would be included in the elementary school sample for their lower grades (K-5) and separately, in the middle school sample for their upper grades (6-8). The split grade band school would be eligible in each of those respective lists if it met or exceeded all other criteria. If a school meets all criteria for for one grade band but is low-performing (below the state proficiency rate for the given subgroup and subject) for their other grade band, they do not qualify as a Top School.

Table XI: School Type Breakdown by Grade Levels

| School Type | Included Grades |
| :--- | :--- |
| Elementary | K-5, K-6 (and no higher grade) |
| Middle | 6-8, 5-8 (and no lower grade), 5-9 (no lower or higher grade), 6-9 (no higher <br> grade) |
| High | 9-12, 8-12 (no lower grade) |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The school sample in this report is labeled "traditional schools" throughout this document. This includes the full sample of 1278 schools (traditional and alternative schools of choice).

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Schools with no color had either between 20 or 30 students (the CDE Dashboard threshold for inclusion is 30 students tested and our threshold is 20 students). In order to determine whether a school in each category met the dashboard criteria, we looked at their status and change results. If those results were outside our band of inclusion (Table V and VI ) we kept the school on the list.
    ${ }^{3}$ These tables show the cut points that were relevant to our report. The full five-by-five grids are available on the California Dashboard page.

[^2]:    ${ }^{4}$ More details on this breakdown are available in the "Low Performance for a Grade Band" section of the methodology on page 7.

